## ACS Review Alcohols Diols and Thiols

1. Which of the following cannot be made by the reduction of a ketone or aldehyde with $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$ in methanol?
A. 1-butanol
B. 2-butanol
C. 2-methyl-1-propanol
D. 2-methyl-2-propanol
2. An alcohol has the same oxidation state as $a(n)$ :
A. ketone
B. alkene
C. organolithium compound
D. alkyl halide
3. In general, the reduction of a ketone to an alcohol can be accomplished by all of the following except one. Which one will not reduce a ketone?
A. $\quad \mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{Pt}$
B. $\mathrm{HIO}_{4}$
C. $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$
D. $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$
4. What is the product of the following reaction?


A)

B)

C)

D)
A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
5. Which one of the following is not readily oxidized by $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ in $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ?
A. n-butyl alcohol
B. sec-butyl alcohol
C. isobutyl alcohol
D. tert-butyl alcohol
6. In general, which one of the functional groups below does not react with $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$ ?
A. esters
B. ketones
C. ethers
D. carboxylic acids
7. Give the product of the following reaction.


A) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \stackrel{\mathrm{OH}}{\stackrel{\mathrm{C}}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{CH}_{3}} \underset{\mathrm{H}}{\mathrm{H}}$
B)

C)


A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
8. Which of the following reagents would be used to carry out the transformation shown below?

A. $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$
B. $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$
C. $\mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{Pt}$
D. $\mathrm{PCC} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
9. The reaction of a Grignard reagent with ethylene oxide followed by dilute acid gives:
A. a primary alcohol
B. a secondary alcohol
C. a tertiary alcohol
D. methanol
10. What is the product of the following reaction?

A. $\quad \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{O}$
B. meso-2,3-butanediol
C. racemic $(2 R, 3 R)$ and $(2 S, 3 S)-2,3$-butanediol
D. cis-2,3-epoxybutane
11. Consider the conversion of 1-butanol to each of the compounds shown below. In which conversion is an oxidizing agent needed?
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}$
C. $\quad\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{O}$
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{O}$
12. Which of the following syntheses gives 3-methyl-1-hexanol?
A) 2-bromopentane

B) 2-bromohexane $\xrightarrow[\text { diethyl ether }]{\mathrm{Mg}} \xrightarrow[\text { 2) } \mathrm{H}^{+}]{\text {1) } \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}}$
C) 3-bromopentane $\xrightarrow[\text { diethyl ether }]{\mathrm{Mg}} \xrightarrow[\text { 2) } \mathrm{H}^{+}]{\text {1) } \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{O}}$
D) 1-bromobutane $\xrightarrow[\text { diethyl ether }]{\mathrm{Mg}}$

A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
13. Identify the reagent needed to carry out the following conversion.

A. $\quad \mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
B. $\mathrm{PCC} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{HIO}_{4}$
D. $\mathrm{OsO}_{4},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{COOH},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{COH}, \mathrm{OH}^{-}$
14. Which one of the following diols would cleave into two fragments with $\mathrm{HIO}_{4}$ ?
A. 1,3-hexanediol
B. 2,4-hexanediol
C. 3,4-hexanediol
D. 1,6-hexanediol
15. Consider the structure of the $\mathrm{AlH}_{4}{ }^{-}$ion. The formal charge of Al is:
A. -1
B. 0
C. +1
D. +3
16. As a reducing agent, $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$ donates a $\qquad$ to a ketone or aldehyde.
A. proton
B. hydrogen atom
C. hydride ion
D. hydrogen molecule
17. Which of the following best describes the role of the coenzyme $\mathrm{NAD}^{+}$(nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide) in biological chemistry?
A. It reduces other species.
B. It oxidizes other species.
C. It catalyzes oxidation-reduction reactions.
D. It inhibits oxidation-reduction reactions.
18. What is the product of the synthetic sequence below?


A)

B)

C)

D)
A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
19. Compound $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}$, is readily oxidized with $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ in $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ to give compound $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}$. Compound B has four peaks in its $\mathrm{C}-13$ NMR (broadband decoupled). Which one of the following fits the data for compound A ?
A)

B)

C)

D)

A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
20. What is the final product of the following reactions?
$\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \xrightarrow[\text { 2) } \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}, \mathrm{OH}]{\text { 1) } \mathrm{BH}_{3} / \mathrm{THF}} \xrightarrow[\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{2}]{\mathrm{PCC}} \xrightarrow[2) \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}\right]{1) \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{MgBr}}$
A. 2,3-dimethyl-3-pentanol
B. 2,3-diemthyl-2-pentanol
C. 2,4-dimethyl-3-pentanol
D. 2,2-dimethyl-3-pentanol
21. Which of the following is the ester formed between methanol and nitric acid, $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ ?
A)

B) $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{N}^{\prime \prime}+$
C) $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{N}^{\prime \prime}$.
D) $\begin{gathered}\mathrm{O} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{N}^{2+} \\ \mathrm{O}^{-}\end{gathered}$
A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
22. The tertiary alcohol below was reacted with PCC in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ and gave a product, $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}$. The product had a strong absorption in the IR spectrum at $1700 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Predict which of the following is the product. (Note: PCC is pyridinium chlorochromate, $\left[\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{NH}^{+}\right]\left[\mathrm{ClCrO}_{3}{ }^{-}\right]$.)

A)

B)

C)

D)

A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
23. What is the product of the reaction below?

A)

B) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
C) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \stackrel{\mathrm{OH}}{\mathrm{CHOCH}} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
D) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \stackrel{\mathrm{O}}{\mathrm{COCH}} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
24. Which of the following reagents will convert cyclohexene into cis-1,2-cyclohexanediol?
A. $\mathrm{OsO}_{4},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{COOH},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{COH}, \mathrm{OH}^{-}$
B. $\mathrm{HIO}_{4}$
C. $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ followed by $\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{3} \mathrm{H}$ (peroxyacetic acid)
25. In which of the following forms does nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide have an aromatic pyridine ring?
A. NADH
B. $\mathrm{NAD}^{+}$
C. both NADH and $\mathrm{NAD}^{+}$
D. neither NADH or $\mathrm{NAD}^{+}$
26. Which of the synthetic procedures below would carry out the following transformation?

A) $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$ followed by $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ /heat
B) $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ followed by $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{~S}$
C) $\mathrm{PCC} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ followed by $\mathrm{HIO}_{4}$
D) $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4} /$ methanol followed by $\mathrm{HIO}_{4}$
A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
27. The alcohol product(s) of the reduction of 2-methyl-3-pentanone with $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$ is(are):


A. a single enantiomer.
B. a racemic mixture.
C. two diastereomers.
D. two constitutional isomers.
28. What is the product of the following reaction sequence?


A)

B)

C)

D)
A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
29. Which one of the following reaction steps work best to carry out the transformation shown below?


B) $\xrightarrow{\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \text { (cat.) }} \xrightarrow[\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}]{\mathrm{PCC}}$
C) $\xrightarrow[\text { 2) } \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}, \mathrm{NaOH}]{\text { 1) } \mathrm{BH}_{3}, \text { THF }} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{HIO}_{4}}$
D) $\xrightarrow[\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{COOH}, \mathrm{OH}^{-}]{\mathrm{OsO}_{4}} \xrightarrow[\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}]{\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}}$
A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
30. Which compound below is the product expected from the following reaction?

A)

B)

C)

D)

A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
31. What is the product of the reaction shown below?

A. hexane
B. 1-hexene
C. 1-hexanol
D. 2-hexanol
32. What is the product of the following reaction sequence?

$$
\text { cyclopentanone } \xrightarrow[\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}]{\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}} \xrightarrow[\text { heat }]{\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}}
$$

A. cyclopentene oxide
B. cyclopentene
C. cyclopentane
D. cis-1,2-cyclopentanediol

## ACS Review Alcohols Diols and Thiols key

1. D
2. D
3. B
4. C
5. D
6. C
7. в
8. в
9. A
10. в
11. D
12. A
13. в
14. C
15. A
16. C
17. в 18. С
18. A
19. A
20. A
21. C
22. B
23. A
24. B
25. D
26. в
27. D
28. A
29. C
30. D
31. в
